

MLA Citation Guide

MLA style format can be complex. For more information, please refer to the official MLA Guide (found in your campus library) or consult with your instructor or campus librarian. Also, pay attention to punctuation and italics.

Books in Print

<p>One Author</p>	<p>Format: Author Last, Author First. <i>Title of Book</i>. Publisher, Date of Publication.</p> <p>Sample Citation: Skloot, Rebecca. <i>The Immortal Life of Henrietta Lacks</i>. Crown Publishers, 2010.</p>
<p>Multiple Authors</p>	<p>Format: Author Last, Author First and Author First Last. <i>Title of Book</i>. Publisher, Date of Publication.</p> <p>When a book has multiple authors, order the authors in the same way they are presented in the book. The first given name appears in last name, first name format; subsequent author names appear in first name last name format.</p> <p>Sample Citation: Grimming, Ron and Debbie J. Goodman. <i>Juvenile Justice: A Collection of True-Crime Cases</i>. Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.</p> <p>If there are three or more authors, list only the first author followed by the phrase et al. (Latin for "and others") in place of the subsequent authors' names.</p> <p>Sample Citation: Nap, Raoul E., et al. <i>Controlling Disease Outbreak: The Changing Role of Hospitals</i>. Nova Science Publishers, 2010.</p>
<p>Book with an Editor or Editors</p>	<p>Format: Editor's Last Name, Editor's First Name, editor(s). <i>Title of Book</i>. Publisher, Date of Publication.</p> <p>Sample Citation: Satava, Richard M., Achille Gaspari, and Nicola Di Lorenzo, editors. <i>Emerging Technologies in Surgery</i>. Springer, 2007.</p>
<p>Work in an Anthology, Reference, or Collection</p>	<p>Works may include an essay in an edited collection or anthology, or a chapter of a book. The basic form is for this sort of citation is as follows:</p>

	<p>Format: Author Last, Author First. "Title of Essay." <i>Title of Collection</i>, edited by Editor's First Name Editor's Last Name, Publisher, Date of Publication, p. #.</p> <p>Sample Citation: Lithwick, Dahlia. "Judicial Activism in Support of Justice Is Beneficial." <i>Opposing Viewpoints Series: Judicial Activism</i>, edited by Noah Berlatsky, Greenhaven Press, 2012, p. 49-55.</p>
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Common Electronic Sources

Include a URL or web address to help readers locate your sources. Because web addresses are not static (i.e., they change often) and because documents sometimes appear in multiple places on the web (e.g., on multiple databases), MLA encourages the use of citing the website such as YouTube, JSTOR, Spotify, or Netflix in order to easily access and verify sources. However, MLA only requires the www. address, so eliminate all https:// when citing URLs.

Many scholarly journal articles found in databases include a DOI (digital object identifier). If a DOI is available, cite the DOI number instead of the URL.

Materials accessed via databases sometimes include a "permalink," which is a shortened, stable version of a URL. Look for a "share" or "cite this" button (*these sometimes have problems with format so be sure to double check it when using*), or a URL in the abstract to see if a source includes a permalink. If you can find a permalink, use that instead of a URL.

MLA also uses the phrase "Accessed" to denote which date you accessed the web page when available or necessary. It is not required to do so but especially encouraged when there is no copyright date listed on a website.

Electronic Book from Library Database	<p>Format: Author Last, Author First. <i>Title</i>. Publisher, Publication Date. Database Name, URL or DOI. Accessed Date.</p> <p>Sample Citation: Zichy, Shoya and Ann Bidou. <i>Career Match: Connecting Who You Are with What You'll Love to Do</i>. AMACOM, 2007. EBSCOhost, proxygsu-lant.galileo.usg.edu/login?url=http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=e000xna&AN=181404&site=eds-live&scope=site. Accessed 15 Mar. 2016.</p>
Magazine or Newspaper Article from	<p>Format: Author Last, Author First. "Title." <i>Title of Magazine or Newspaper</i>, Month and day, page #, Database Name, URL or DOI. Accessed Date.</p>

<p>a Library Database</p>	<p>Sample Citation: Swaby, Rachel. "Secret Societies Revealed." <i>Wired</i>, vol. 19, no. 2, 02, 2011, pp. 38, <i>ProQuest Central; Research Library</i>, proxygsu-lant.galileo.usg.edu/login?url=http://search.proquest.com/docview/854997662?accountid=11985. Accessed 15 Mar. 2016.</p>
<p>Scholarly Journal Article from a Library Database</p>	<p>Format: Author Last, Author First. "Title of Article." <i>Title of Journal</i>, volume number, issue number (Month of publication), Page numbers. Database Name, DOI or Permalink. Accessed Date.</p> <p>Sample Citation: Braakmann, Nils, et al. "Are Immigrants in Favour of Immigration? Evidence from England and Wales." <i>B.E. Journal of Economic Analysis & Policy</i>, vol. 17, no. 1, Feb. 2017, pp. 1-16. <i>EBSCOhost</i>, doi:10.1515/bejeap-2016-0029. Accessed 13 Apr. 2017.</p>
<p>Website</p>	<p>Format: Author Last, Author First. <i>Name of Site</i>. Version Number, Name of institution/ organization affiliated with the site, date of resource creation (if available), URL, DOI, or Permalink. Accessed Date.</p> <p>Sample Citation: <i>StopBullying.gov</i>. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, www.stopbullying.gov. Accessed 3 Mar. 2016.</p>
<p>Video From Films on Demand or YouTube</p>	<p>Video and audio sources need to be documented using the same basic guidelines for citing print sources in MLA style. Include as much descriptive information as necessary to help readers understand the type and nature of the source you are citing. If the author's name is the same as the uploader, only cite the author once. If the author is different from the uploaded, cite the author's name before the title.</p> <p>Format: "Title of Film." <i>Name of Site</i>, Producer, Date of Publication, URL, DOI or Permalink. Accessed Date.</p> <p>"Title of Video." <i>Name of Site</i>, uploaded by Name, Date of Upload, URL, DOI, or Permalink. Accessed Date.</p> <p>Sample Citation: "Ancient Greece." <i>Films on Demand</i>, Eagle Rock Entertainment, 1996, fod.infobase.com/PortalPlaylists.aspx?wID=105438&xtid=8685. Accessed 12 Apr. 2017.</p> <p>"Cats Are So Funny You Will Die Laughing - Funny Cat Compilation." <i>YouTube</i>, uploaded by Tiger Productions, 24 Dec. 2016, youtu.be/5dsGWM5XGdg. Accessed 12 Apr. 2017.</p>